EPA Superfund Record of Decision:

NAVAL AIR DEVELOPMENT CENTER (8 WASTE AREAS)
EPA ID: PA6170024545
OU 09
WARMINSTER TOWNSHIP, PA
09/29/1999

Department of the Navy

Record of Decision for OU-5

Naval Air Warfare Center

Warminster, Pennsylvania



September 1999

DECLARATION

SITE NAME AND LOCATION

Naval Air Development Center Warminster Township Bucks County, Pennsylvania

STATEMENT OF BASIS AND PURPOSE

This Record of Decision (ROD) presents the determination that no further action is necessary to protect human health and the environment for Operable Unit Five (OU-5) at the former Naval Air Development Center in Warminster Township, Bucks County, Pennsylvania (the "Site"), chosen in accordance with the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA) of 1980, as amended, 42 U.S.C. § 9601 et seq. and, to the extent practicable, the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (NCP), 40 C.F.R. Part 300. This decision is based on the Administrative Record for this Site.

In January 1993, the facility was renamed Naval Air Warfare Center (NAWC) Aircraft Division Warminster. NAWC was disestablished on September 30, 1996 and is targeted for transfer to the private sector.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as represented by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection (PADEP), concurs with the selected remedy for OU-5 at the Site.

DESCRIPTION OF THE SELECTED REMEDY

A no further action alternative is the selected remedy for OU-5 at the Site. OU-5 consists of soil, sediment, and surface water associated with Site 8. A 1999 removal action eliminated the unacceptable risk associated with lead-contaminated soils. Post-removal verification sampling and subsequent Remedial Investigation activities support the no further action remedial alternative.

STATUTORY DETERMINATIONS

The no further action remedy selection is based upon post-removal verification sampling and the risk assessment results from the Remedial Investigation for OU-5, which indicate that no further action is necessary at OU-5 to be protective of human health and the environment. A five-year review will not be necessary for OU-5.

Thomas C. Ames

BRAC Environmental Coordinator

Naval Air Warfare Center

Naval Air Warfare Center, Warminster

9/29/59

Date

Abraham Ferdas, Director

Hazardous Site Cleanup Division

U.S. EPA Region III

RECORD OF DECISION NAVAL AIR WARFARE CENTER WARMINSTER, PA SITE 8, OU-5

September 1999

DECISION SUMMARY

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DECISION SUMMARY

I. SITE BACKGROUND

NAWC is a 824-acre facility located in Warminster Township, Northampton Township and Ivyland Borough, Bucks County, Pennsylvania (see Figure 1). Per the Base Realignment and Closure Act (BRAC), NAWC ceased operations on 30 September 1996. The majority of NAWC, including Site 8 (see Figure 2 for location), is being transferred to the private sector. The facility lies in a populated suburban area surrounded by private homes, various commercial and industrial activities, and a golf course. On-site areas include various buildings and other complexes connected by paved roads, the runway and ramp area, mowed fields, and a small wooded area.

Commissioned in 1944, the facility's main function was research, development, testing, and evaluation for naval aircraft systems. NAWC also conducted studies in anti-submarine warfare systems and software development. Historically, wastes were generated during aircraft maintenance and repair, pest control, fire-fighting training, machine and plating shop operations, spray painting and various materials research and testing activities in laboratories. These wastes included paints, solvents, sludges from industrial wastewater treatment, and waste oils that were disposed in pits, trenches, and/or landfills on the facility property.

NAWC was listed on the Superfund National Priorities List in 1989. This list includes sites where uncontrolled hazardous substance releases present the most significant potential threats to human health and the environment. The areas of concern identified to date by the Navy at NAWC include eight reported waste disposal locations (see Figure 2) covering more than seven acres, including:

- Three waste disposal pits (sites 1, 3, and 6)
- Two sludge disposal pit areas (sites 2 and 7)
- Two landfills (sites 4 and 5)

Also included among the reported waste disposal locations is Site 8, which is located at the end of a runway located within an area the RI refers to as Area C (See Figure 3).

The Navy initially reported Site 8 as a disposal site in a Navy Shore Activity Disposal Fact Form in 1980. The site was reported to consist of a 75-by-75-foot portion of the runway surrounded on three sides by a double berm. An evaluation of the historical aerial photographs has since found that two areas on the runway were used for fire training exercises from 1961 to 1986. Flammable materials were poured on the runway, ignited and extinguished to simulate fire-training procedures in these two

areas. Reportedly, up to 3000 gallons of contaminated aviation fuels were burned per year from 1961 to 1980, when the Fact Form was compiled. Initially, fire-training exercises were conducted in an area about 240 feet from the end of the runway. Aerial photos found this area characterized by dark staining on the runway and ponding of dark liquids next to the western perimeter of the runway. In later years, the fire-training activities were conducted in an area at the end of the runway. In the case of each area, berms were used to contain the fuel. Surface water was often observed to collect within these bermed areas during rainfall events. In the case of each area, aerial photos indicate surface runoff bypassing the berms and draining to soil along the western perimeter of the runway. In addition, aerial photos indicated several potential pits in the runway in the vicinity of the older fire-training area.

Site 8 now is also considered to include an area of the runway immediately south of the older fire training area, which was used to test the resistance of aviation suits to fire. This area included a corrugated metal building (Structure S1) where the durability of flight suits in fire was tested. This testing was initiated between 1965 and 1967. The floor of Structure S1 reportedly was covered with water. Flammable liquids would be poured on the water and ignited. Flight suits were then passed through the flames to test the ability of the suit to withstand fire. Structure S1 was dismantled and removed in 1997. A review of historical aerial photos of the area of Structure S1 did not reveal features, which would suggest impacts on the adjacent areas.

To date, Site 8 and the other reported disposal locations have been addressed under CERCLA by a Remedial Investigation (RI), which has been conducted in three phases. Site 8 has been investigated under each of these phases. The Phase I RI was initiated in late 1988 and was completed in 1990, with the release of the Phase I (or Stage 1) RI report. Phase I included surveying and mapping of the volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in soil gas, detecting buried materials through electromagnetic surveys, performance of exploratory soil borings and the installation and sampling of groundwater monitoring wells. In addition, test pits were excavated, nearby wells were inventoried, and a bedrock fracture-trace analysis was conducted.

The Phase II RI began at the end of 1991 and was completed in 1992 and included the installation of additional monitoring wells, sampling of groundwater, and the performance of hydraulic tests to assess aquifer characteristics. Both the Phase I and Phase II RI investigated the nature and extent of groundwater contamination within the vicinity of Sites 1, 2, and 3 (Area A), Sites 5, 6, and 7 (Area B) and Sites 4 and 8 (Area C).

The Phase III RI was initiated in 1993 and completed in 1996 and included further investigation of the nature and extent of contaminated groundwater attributable to Areas A, B and C, as well as potentially contaminated soils, buried wastes and surface water associated with these areas. Since that time, RI work addressing groundwater and soil has been performed in more recently designated Area D.

Based on the findings of the Phase II RI work, the Navy and EPA issued a Record of Decision in 1995, which selected a remedy of pumping and treatment of Area C groundwater. This remedy has since been constructed and is now in operation. Construction of the remedy included the placement of a groundwater transfer line parallel to and 20 to 30 feet from the western perimeter of the runway area, which includes Site 8.

Based on the findings of the Phase III RI, the Navy determined that lead levels in certain surface soil at Site 8 presented an unacceptable risk to human health. The soils of concern were located immediately next to the western side of the runway adjacent to Structure S1, the former flight suit test area. In response, the Navy completed a removal action at Site 8, eliminating the unacceptable risk associated with the lead-contaminated soils. Due to the time-critical nature of this response, there was no proposed plan issued. This action included the excavation and removal of soils containing the elevated lead levels and subsequent disposal in an off-base landfill (see Figure 5 for area of soil removal). Post-removal verification sampling was conducted to characterize conditions at Site 8 after the removal action. Upon receipt and evaluation of the verification sampling results, the excavation area was backfilled with clean fill and topsoil.

The results of all RI work addressing soil, sediment and surface water associated with Site 8 are described or summarized in the Final RI report for OU-5 issued by the Navy in August 1999. This report characterizes Site 8 both prior to and after the removal action and contains a full assessment of any risk posed by OU-5 after the removal action.

II. SCOPE AND ROLE OF OPERABLE UNIT FIVE (OU-5)

Section 300.430 (a)(1)(ii)(A) of the NCP, 40 C.F.R. Section 300.430(a)(1)(ii)(A) provides that CERCLA NPL Sites "should generally be remediated in operable units when early actions are necessary or appropriate to achieve significant risk reduction quickly, when phased analysis or response is necessary or appropriate given the size or complexity of the site, or to expedite the completion of a total cleanup." In the case of NAWC, the Navy has organized work to date into five operable units. These operable units (OUs) are as follows:

OU-1: Area A and B groundwater

OU-2: Off-base private wells

OU-3: Area C groundwater

OU-4: Area D groundwater

OU-5: Soil, sediment, and surface water at Site 8

This Navy and EPA selected an interim remedy for OU-1 in a ROD signed on September 29, 1993, while a removal action for OU-2 was selected by the EPA in a

Removal Action Memorandum signed on July 14, 1993. The Navy and EPA selected a final remedy for OU-3 in a ROD signed March 10, 1995 while an interim remedy for OU4 was selected in a ROD signed by the Navy and EPA on September 30, 1997. The selected remedies for OU-1, OU-3, and OU-4 are all operational at this time, while the removal addressing OU-2 has been completed. This ROD documents the selected remedy for OU-5.

III. SITE CHARACTERISTICS

A. Hydrology

NAWC is located in an upland area lying between two local drainage basins, the Little Neshaminy Creek Basin to the north and the Southampton Creek Basin to the south. The northern 65 percent of the Site, including Site 8, drains toward several unnamed tributaries of Little Neshaminy Creek.

Site 8 is drained primarily by a concrete swale located about 100 feet northwest of the runway extension. The swale discharges directly to an intermittent stream through a culvert beneath Kirk Road north of the site. The intermittent stream is channelized and flows to the north approximately 750 feet until it joins with an unnamed tributary of Little Neshaminy Creek. The intermittent stream was dry during base flow conditions observed during Phase I sampling. During Phase II and II, there was no surface water flow within the intermittent stream; however, pools of standing water were evident within the channel. This indicates that most surface water flow in this stream takes place during and shortly after precipitation.

B. Meteorology

The climate of the area is humid continental and is modified by the Atlantic Ocean. Temperatures average 76E F (24.4E C) in July and 32EF (0EC) in January. The average daily temperature for the NAWC location is 53.3EF (11.8EC). Precipitation averages 42.5 inches per year (106.25 cm per year), and snowfall averages 22 inches per year (55 cm per year). The distribution of precipitation is fairly even throughout the year. The relative humidity for the Site averages 70 percent. The mean wind speed for this area is 9.6 mph, with a prevailing direction of west-southwest.

C. Ecology

The immediate area of Site 8 consists primarily of mowed fields, while areas immediately north of Site 8 and Kirk Road include lawns, wooded areas, and wetlands associated with the unnamed tributary of Little Neshaminy Creek. There are no known permanent threatened or endangered species on or near the Site; however, some transient species may traverse the area.

D. Soils

The Site is underlain by soils of the Lansdale-Lawrenceville Association. This unit consists of nearly level to sloping, moderately well drained soils and well-drained soils on uplands. The soils are deep and have a medium-textured surface layer and a medium-textured or moderately coarse-textured subsoil. They formed in material weathered from shale and sandstone and in silty, windblown deposits. According to soil borings conducted as part of the RI, the soil thickness at Site 8 ranged from 7 to 10 feet. The soils encountered in these borings were generally described as brown to reddish-brown silty clay to clayey silt.

IV. REMEDIAL INVESTIGATION RESULTS

A. Surface Soil

Surface soil samples were collected from a total of forty-one (41) locations during the course of RI work. The depth of the samples was 2 to 36 inches below ground surface. No soils with odors, elevated organic vapor readings or staining were encountered. Figure 4 identifies the locations sampled during the Phase III RI and contaminant concentrations which exceeded screening criteria indicative of a potential unacceptable risk. These sample results indicated the presence of lead levels ranging from 759 mg/kg to 3159 mg/kg in soils within an area along the western side of the runway. In response, approximately 575 tons of surface soils were removed, from the subject area in February 1999. The soil excavation measured 131 feet in length, 20 feet in width, and 2 to 2.5 feet in depth (see Figure 5 for area of soil removal).

After completion of the soil removal, seventeen (17) verification samples were collected from the bottom and sides of the removal excavation and analyzed for lead. The verification sample results indicated that three samples collected within the area addressed by the removal contained lead levels exceeding screening criteria indicative of a potential unacceptable risk. The subject levels ranged from 475 mg/kg to 733 mg/kg. Several additional samples were collected after Phase III to complete the characterization of the surface soils. Figure 5 provides the locations of samples which characterize the quality of surface soils present at this time (i.e. post-removal) and detected concentrations which exceed screening criteria potentially indicative of an unacceptable risk, while Table 1 provides the occurrence and distribution of organics and inorganics detected in the subject samples. Verification sample results (rather than pre-removal results) are incorporated for the area addressed by the removal action.

B. Subsurface Soil

A total of twenty-seven (27) subsurface soil samples were collected as part of the Phase III RI and limited post-Phase III RI sampling. Twenty-four (24) samples were collected from soil borings while three (3) were collected from test pits. The samples ranged from 5.5 to 9 feet below the ground surface. Five (5) of the subject borings were advanced through the paving of the runway. No soils with odors, elevated organic vapor levels or staining were encountered. Figure 6 shows the subsurface soil sample locations, along with contaminant concentrations that exceeded screening levels potentially indicative of an unacceptable risk. Table 2 presents the occurrence and distribution of organics and inorganics detected in the samples collected.

C. Surface Water and Sediment

The locations of surface water and sediment samples collected as part of the Phase II and Phase III RI are shown on Figure 7. A total of three (3) surface water samples and six (6) sediment samples were collected downstream of Site 8.

Sample locations C6, C11 and C 12 were within the intermittent stream, which receives surface drainage from Site 8. The occurrence and distribution of inorganics and organics in sediment samples collected at these locations are presented in Tables 3 and 4, respectively. Table 5 presents the occurrence and distribution of total inorganics in a surface water sample collected in this intermittent stream. No inorganics were detected in the subject surface water sample.

The RI considered sample locations C8, C10 and C13 to be background samples. However these samples are downstream and within a reasonable distance of Site 8 and the sample results for these locations may be considered in evaluating the impacts of Site 8. The subject samples were collected in a perennial stream. The occurrence and distribution of total inorganics and organics in sediment samples at these locations are presented in Tables 8 and 7 respectively, while the occurrence and distribution of total inorganics in surface water samples at these locations is presented in Table 8. No organics were detected at the subject surface water locations.

V. SUMMARY OF SITE RISKS

As part of the final RI, a risk assessment was conducted with the RI data summarized above to estimate the potential risks to human health posed soils, sediments and surface water associated with Site 8.

In the case of soils, the risk assessment addressed conditions after the performance of

the removal action. To assess these risks, the potential exposure scenarios identified below were assumed.

- Ingestion, inhalation and dermal contact with soils.
- Ingestion and dermal contact with surface water and sediment.

Potential human health risks are categorized as carcinogenic or noncarcinogenic. A hypothetical carcinogenic risk increase from exposure should not exceed a risk range from 1 X 10⁻⁶ (an increase of one case of cancer for one million people exposed) to 1 X 10⁻⁴ (one additional case per 10,000 people exposed). Noncarcinogenic risks are estimated utilizing Hazard Indices (HI), where an HI exceeding one is considered an unacceptable health risk. In addition, health risks posed by lead are assessed by estimating the percentage of child residents who may have a blood lead level of 10 micrograms per deciliter (ug/dl) or greater. This percentage is estimated by applying an Integrated Exposure and Uptake Biokinetic (IEUBK) Model. An estimate of 5% or less is considered acceptable.

The risk assessment in the final RI found the maximum carcinogenic risk posed by soils at Site 8 would occur if one assumed a lifetime of exposure to surface soils as a resident. In this case, the total incremental carcinogenic risk was determined to be 2.94 x 10^{-5} . The primary contributor to the calculated risk was the concentration of arsenic. However, the majority of the detected arsenic also is present in background samples and appears to naturally occurring. The calculated risk falls within the acceptable range of 1 x 10^{-6} to 1 x 10^{-4} , and may be considered acceptable. In assessing noncarcinogenic risks posed by soil, the highest HI identified was 0.6. In this case, exposure of a residential child to surface soil was assumed. This value falls below the acceptable level of 1.0. The assessment of risk posed by lead in soils found that the estimated percentage of children with a blood level above 10 ug/dl was 0. 35%, which is below the protective level of 5%.

The risk assessment for sediment in surface water associated with Site 8 found the recreational adolescents would incur an incremental carcinogenic risk of 1.25 x 10⁻⁷. An HI of 0.02 was estimated in the case of recreational adolescent contact with sediments. Each value falls within the respective acceptable range. The risk assessment did not identify any carcinogenic risk associated with surface water, while the assessment of non-carcinogenic risk estimated an HI of 0.001 for recreational adolescents. These findings indicate that sediment and surface water associated with Site 8 do not present a threat to human health.

A summary of all Site 8 carcinogenic and non-carcinogenic risks for each exposure scenario is presented in Table 9.

Surface and subsurface soil sampling data was evaluated to determine whether Site 8 may be a past or present source of tetrachloroethylene (PCE) in Area C groundwater.

A remedy is currently being implemented to address the PCE levels of concern. PCE was detected in only one soil sample collected as part of the RI for Site 8. The detected level was well below the screening level established to identify a potential threat to groundwater. Based on this data, Site 8 does not appear to be a past or present source of PCE in Area C groundwater. In addition, RI data otherwise suggests that Site 8 soils present no threat to groundwater quality.

An Ecological Risk Assessment (ERA) was also conducted with Phase II and Phase III RI data to assess potential risks posed by sediments and surface water to the environment. The focus of the ERA was potential contaminant inputs from Site 8 to the tributary of Little Neshaminy Creek north of Kirk Road, which receives runoff from Site 8. The ERA concluded that the potential risks posed to ecological receptors by the subject surface and sediment were insignificant and identified no unacceptable risk to the environment.

VI. SELECTED REMEDY

The results of the risk assessment conducted as part of the RI indicate that, based on available information, soils, sediment, and surface water associated with Site 8 do not present an unacceptable risk to human health and the environment. In this case, the Navy, with the support of EPA, selects a remedy of No Action. There are no costs associated with this remedy. Based on available information, the Navy and EPA believe that this remedy would be protective of human health and the environment and would be cost-effective.

VII. HIGHLIGHTS OF COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION

Since 1988, the plans and results of CERCLA investigations and actions have been presented to a Technical Review Committee or a Restoration Advisory Board (RAB) which has been established by the Navy for the Site. Members of the RAB at this time include representatives of Bucks County Health Department, Warminster Township, Warminster Township Municipal Authority, Northampton Township, Northampton Municipal Authority and Ivyland Borough.

In accordance with Sections 113 and 117 of CERCLA, 42 U.S.C. Sections 9613 and 9617, the Navy, in conjunction with EPA, issued a Proposed Plan on August 20, 1999, presenting the preferred remedy for OU-5. The Proposed Plan and RI report for OU-5 became available for review at the time and are among documents, which comprise the CERCLA Administrative Record for NAWC. The Administrative Record is available for review by the public at the following information repositories:

! Caretaker Site Office

Jacksonville Road (Building located on West Side) P.O. Box 2609 Warminster, Pennsylvania 18974-0061

! Bucks County Library150 South Pine StreetDoylestown, Pennsylvania 18901

An announcement of the public meeting, the comment period, and the availability of the Administrative Record for the proposed remedy for OU-5 was published in the Philadelphia Inquirer, Intelligencer, Public Spirit and Courier Times. Additionally, the Proposed Plan and the Notice of Availability were mailed to local municipal and government agencies in the vicinity of the Site and over 400 residents in the vicinity of the Site.

The public comment period for the Proposed Plan was from August 23, 1999 to September 22, 1999. A public availability session was held at the Ivyland Marine Corps Barracks, Jacksonville Road, Warminster, Pennsylvania on September 8, 1999 to present the RI, and Proposed Plan, answer questions, and to solicit and accept both oral and written comments on the Proposed Plan and the RI. Two individuals attended and no oral or written comments were received during this public availability session.

A Responsiveness Summary, included as part of this ROD, has been prepared to respond to significant comments, criticisms, and new relevant information received during the public comment period. Upon signing the ROD, the Navy will publish a notice of availability of this ROD in the Philadelphia Inquirer, Intelligencer, Public Spirit and Courier Times and place the ROD in the Administrative Record located at the repositories mentioned above.

This Record of Decision presents the selected remedial action for OU-5 at the Site chosen in accordance with CERCLA and, to the extent practicable, the National Contingency Plan (NCP).

VIII. RESPONSIVENESS SUMMARY

One comment was received by the Navy and EPA duhng the public comment period from August 23, 1999 to September 22, 1999. The comment and response of the Navy and EPA are identified below.

COMMENT: Were the sediments of the stream, which drains Site 8, tested?

RESPONSE: As discussed in Section IV.C. of this ROD, the sediments of subject stream were tested during Phase II and Phase III of the RI. A total of four (4) samples were collected. The sample results were evaluated under both the Human Health and

Ecological Risk Assessments conducted as part of the RI (see Section V of this ROD). Based on the subject test results, the risk assessments indicate that the sediments do not present an unacceptable risk to human health or the environment.



TABLE 1

OCCURRENCE AND DISTRIBUTION OF ORGANICS AND INORGANICS IN SITE 8 SURFACE SOIL (POST-REMOVAL)

NAWC WARMINSTER, PENNSYLVANIA

E 2 - 1- 1	4	Sectoraund De				in flates	d Deta	
	Free.	Range of Profiber.	- 現場の場合でもいる。	7000	Range of Positive			
2	2 7:	- Detection			Detaction			
	et .	Man desperate	Sampling Round and "Laughten of Maximum	Detection	Affin May	Moun of All Duty	Sumplies Reads and Location of Hexistens	Expresso Paint Concessorates
1,2 3 4.6.7 8-HpCOO	Outerdon O/O			7/13	0 0073 J - 3.6 J	0 365	55-08-10-0	3 6
1 2 3 4 6 7 8-HoCOF	00			2/7	0 1731 J - 0 1738 J	0.236	\$\$-08-02	0 178
1 2.3.4.7 & HXCOF	00			3/13	0 0044 J - 0 007 J	0 0231	\$8-08-03	0 007
	0/0	·		13/13		2.77	\$\$-05-10	13.9
OCD#	0/0			1/5	0.087 J - 22 J 0.0379 J	0.491	\$\$-08-08	0 0379
	29/29	4790 - 18100	BG-12	16/15	9940 - 18300	12300	\$5-08-28-D	13000
Aluminum Arsenic	25/29	028 - 12.1	8G-11	36/36	2 . 13 9	6.06	S8-08-16	
	25/27	34.1 - 225	9G-29	16/15	42.3 • 124	73	SS-06-17	6.7
Benum	25/29	031 - 1.7 K	8G-23-O	12/12	0.62 - 1.1	0.788	S\$-04-07	0 858
Beryllium Cadmium	0/29		80-23-0	2/15	0.53 L - 6.3	1 65	\$\$-08-10	4 59
	23/27	240 - 1810	BG-24	15/15	778 - 19500	4770	SS-08-14	10500
Caldum	29/29	78 J - 35.3 JK	BG-12	16/16	11 B L - 46.1	19.7	SS-08-14	
Chromum				14/14		8 64		23 1
Cobalt	25/28	16 + 22.1 36 K + 30.6	8G-23-D 8G-29	18/16	54 - 12.3 43 - 92.8 J	22.6	\$\$-08-28-D \$\$-08-10	9 54
Copper			8G-30	18/16	13000 - 25000	17700	SS-08-28-D	
iron	29/29			41/41			58-08-28-0 58-08-36	19300
Lead	29/29		BG-13			119		214
Magnesium	25/29	518 - 4960	8G-24	15/15	1840 - 12100 247 - 722 J	4390	5\$-08-14	6100
Manganese	29/29	30 9 - 2010	8G-28	16/16			SS-08-18	508
Mercury	1/27	0.37	9G-23	2/14	0.06 L - 01	0.0425	35-08-06	0.0552
Nickel	18/25	41 J - 21.7 J	BG-23-0	11/11	9.1 - 15.7	11	\$5-08-28-D	12
Potasaum	25/27	89.1 - 3050	BG-24	15/15	436 - 1840	346	55-06-17	1060
Selenium	0/20			2/16	0.7 K - 0.72 K	0.417	\$\$-06-14-D	0.463
Sodium	4/18	55.2 • 66.7	83-25	5/3	61.1 - 1110 J	418	SS-08-18	567
Venedium	29/20	15.4 - 45	8G-12	20/20	193 · 468 J	29 0	55-04-53	32.0
Znc	25/27	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	BG-13	16/16	249 - 466	92.3	\$\$-08-14	155
4,4'-000	1/20	15 JP	BG-12	1/14	4.7 P	2.03	SS-09-10	2.2
4.4'-DOT	1/20	1440 JP	BG-12	3/14	5 J · 23 J	3.92	\$5-00-14-0	5.71
Aldrin	0/20			1/14	321	100	\$8-08-14-0	1 19
Articlor-1254	1/20	51	BG-13	3/14	13 1 - 83	24.6	S8-08-10	31
Endan	0/20	•		1/14	6.7 P	2.11	\$\$-08-10	2.36
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	1/11	43.1	BG-11	1/14	49	251	58-08-18	43
2-Memyinaphinalena	0/11	•		1/18	130 J	207	58-04-10	130
Anthragene	0/11	<u>.</u>		1/18	590	285	\$5-06-17	348
Benz(s)enerracene	0/11			10/18	80 J - 960	215	\$5-06-17	271
Benzo(a)pyrene	0/11	•		10/18	78 J - 930	221	53-04-17	2\$7
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1/11	_50 J	9 G-13	10/18	120 J - 1600	311	55-06-17	402
Benzo(g.h,i)perylene	0/11	•		8/18	81 1 - 410	167	5S-06-17	218
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	1/11	46 J	8G-13	9/18	56 J - 270 J	156	SS-06-14	193
Bis(2-etrythexyl)pnenalate*	0.0	•		1/10	1700 J - 1800 J	350	\$5-08-14-0	\$54
Buty:benzyiphthelele*	0/0	•		1/2	400 J - 600	350	\$5-09-14	500
Certiezole	0/11	•		1/16	310 J	270	\$8-08-17	310
Chrysene	1/11	51 J	BG-13	10/18	77 J - 960	250	\$8-00-17	331
Di-n-butyiphenelese	00	•		2/5	50 J - 54 J	137	55-06-10	54
Dibenz(e,h)emmrecene	0/11	•		3/18	46 J - 120 J	242	58-08-17	120
luorenthene	1/11	92 J	8G-13	10/18	150 J - 2000	336	58-08-17	426
Juorene	0/11	•		1/18	540	282	5\$-04-17	342
ndeno(1,2,3-od)pyrane	0/11	•		7/18	58 J - 415	185	\$8-08-17	245
laphthalene	0/11	•	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2/18	48 J - 56 J	195	53-06-10	56
entechiorophenol	0711	•		1/14	43.7	442	\$8-08-10	45
henenthene	1/11	51.3	BG-13	10/18	72 J · 2100	275	SS-09-17	351
yrene	1/11	100 J	BG-13	10/18	130 J - 1600	314	\$8-08-17	397
lethylene Chloride	0/13			2/8	7 1 - 7 1		\$8-09-14-0	6.0
erschloroethene	0/10	•		1/13	3.1	8.77	\$5-08-08	3
okiene	3/19		8G-17	5/13	2 1 - 3 1		\$5-06-06	+ - 3
- The state of the	J. 17	3.1	71			1 4 9 9		

Notes

Units are imp/kg for inorganics, ug/kg for organics.

Number of sample results excludes rejected data or blank-qualified data. Duplicates are consolidated into one result.

Mean of all data includes positive detactions and non-detacted results. Detaction limits are divided by two.

The determination of representative concentrations is based on comparison of maximum to the 95 % UCL, which is presented in a separate table.

Frequency of detection refers to number of times compound was detected among all samples versus total number of samples.

Number of samples may vary based on the number of usable results.

^{*-}Minimum and maximum detected site-related concentrations are based on duplicate semples.

TABLE 2
OCCURRENCE AND DISTRIBUTION OF ORGANICS AND INORGANICS IN SITE 8 SUBSURFACE SOIL (POST-REMOVAL)
NAWC WARMINSTER, PENNSYLVANIA

				rier Tasa 🐧	to-Relate		
Print -	Range of Positive	Sampling House and	Free.	Range of Psettino Geterlina	Moun of	Sampling Found and	Exposure Foirt
Catarden	Marierature Man 4 5	Location of Maximum	Detection	Min Mer.	Ad Date	Location of Manhouse	Concentration
	•		1/4	443	2.71	SB-08-04	4 23
29/29	4780 - 18100	BG-12	23/23	8020 · 18000	11200	TP01-08-02	13100
1/21	13.6 J	BG-16	1/17	149J	4.72	\$8-08-19	54
25/29	028 - 121 J	9G-11	22/22	061 - 65	31	\$8-06-22	4.40
25/27	341 - 225	BG-20	23/23	181 - 113	43 8	TP01-08-02	56 6
25/21	0.31 - 1.7 K	BG-23-0	21/21	929 - 2.2	0 884	TP02-08-03	0.848
23/27	240 - 1910	8G-24	22/72	492 · 10110	1260	58-06-19	1440
29/29	70 J - 353 JK	BG-12	23/23	71 - 28.1 J	14.8	58-06-10	16.9
25/28	16 - 22.1	NG-23-D	23/23	48 - 22.6	9.71	TPG1-08-02	11.5
27/29	3.8 K - 306	BG-29	22/22	50 L - 353.65 J	30 6	58-06-19	348
29/29	6980 - 410500	BG-30	22/23	7080 - 27450	14800	SB-08-19	17300
29/29	18 J - 96.5 J	BG-13	28/28	19 - 26.7 J	7 32	39-00-18	10
25/20	518 - 4960	BG-24	22/22	832 - 6978	2140	58-08-19	2840
29/29	30 0 - 2010	BG-28	23/23	143 - 1230	533	TP01-08-02	678
1/27	037	8G-23	1/23	0.1 L	0 0301	\$8-08-02	0.034
11/25	4.1 4 - 21.7 4	BG-23-0	10/10	58 - 171	10.9	TP02-08-03-0	13
25/27	00.1 - 3050	8G-24	21/22	146 - 2270	583	TP02-08-03	793
0/20	•		1/23	083 K	0 32	SB-06-10	0 35
4/10	58.2 - 86.7	BG-25	14/14	71.5 - 1470	186	58-08-19	240
3/20	037 - 042	8G-23-0	2/22	0.43 · 0.1 J	0 661	\$8-08-19	0 639
29/29	15 4 - 45	BG-12	27/27	11 - 52.5	26.1	\$8-08-23	317
25/27	9 - 10	5G-13	22/22	5.1 47.8	18.7	\$8-09-18	25.2
0/20	•		1/7	0.71 J	0 722	58-08-06	071
	•		1/7	2	0.801	\$3-06-13	2
0/11			1/19	42.1	181	\$8-08-02	42
0/11	•		1/10		436	\$8-08-02	30
0/11	•	-,,	1/23		186	\$9-06-18	120
0/11	4		1/23		186	SB-08-18	140
1/11	Súb.)	8 G-13	1/23	190 J	191	58-06-18	190
0/11			1/23	101	186	58-06-18	80
1/11	46.1	8 G-13	1/23	110 J	187	\$8-06-18	110
1/11		8G-13	1/23	170 J	190	\$8-08-18	170
1/11		8G-13	1/23	320.1	196	\$8-08-18	205
0/11			1/23		136	58-08-18	94
		BG-13			180	\$8-08-18	180
0/11	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					58-08-02	258
	460.1	8/3-13					202
	29/29 1/21 25/29 25/27 25/29 25/29 25/29 25/29 25/29 29/29 25/29 1/27 18/25 25/27 0/20 4/18 3/29 25/27 0/20 4/18 3/29 25/27 0/20 0/11 0/11 0/11 1/11 1/11 1/11 1/11	Detection Security Mass.			Control Cont	Consider Consider	Control Cont

Notes:

Units are mg/kg for inorganics, ug/kg for organics.

Number of sample results excludes rejected data or blank-qualified data. Duplicates are consolidated into one result.

Mean of all data includes positive detections and non-detected results. Detection limits are divided by two.

The determination of representative concentrations is based on comparison of maximum to the 95 % UCL, which is presented in a separate table.

Frequency of detection refers to number of times compound was detected among all samples versus total number of samples.

Number of samples may vary based on the number of usable results.

OCCUMMENCE AND DISTRIBUTION OF INORGANICS IN SEDMENT AT SITE 8 WARMINSTER, PENNSYLVANIA TABLE 3

(Month)

FREQUENCY OF POSITIVE DETECTION- 3 / 3 3 3700 - 6750 2 / 2 3 4 - 42 2 / 2 3 4 - 42 2 / 2 3 4 - 42 2 / 2 3 4 - 42 2 / 2 3 4 - 42 2 / 2 3 4 - 42 2 / 2 3 4 - 42 3 / 3 4 - 42 3 / 3 4 - 42 3 / 3 4 - 42 4 - 8 - 14 2 / 2 3 400 - 12700 3 / 3 1 3 204 - 385 2 / 2 3400 - 12700 3 / 3 3 307 - 646 2 / 2 340 - 12700 3 / 3 3 307 - 646 2 / 2 340 - 12700 3 / 3 3 307 - 646 2 / 2 340 - 12700 3 / 3 3 307 - 646 2 / 2 340 - 12700 3 / 3 3 307 - 646 2 / 2 340 - 12700 3 / 3 3 307 - 646 2 / 2 340 - 10.6 2 / 2		The second secon				
ANCE CONCENTRATION FMEGNERACY OF DETECTION RANGE OF POSITIVE DETECTION- 13 3 3 3 300 - 6750 ILMA 4000 3 / 3 3700 - 6750 IC 20 2 / 2 34 - 42 ILMA 0.62 2 / 2 34 - 42 MI 1280 2 / 2 34 - 42 MI 1280 2 / 2 365 - 085 MI 117 3 / 3 14 - 205 MI 117 3 / 3 14 - 205 MI 117 3 / 3 14 - 205 M 1120 2 / 2 340 - 205 MA 1120 3 / 3 14 - 205 M 1120 3 / 3 14 - 205 M 1120 3 / 3 14 - 205 M 1120 3 / 3 16 - 03 MA 1320 3 / 3 16 - 03 MA 1320 3 / 3 10 - 106 MA 1320 3 / 3 10 - 106 MA 136 3 / 3 10 - 106		BACKGROUND		SITE-NEL	ATED	
ANCE CONCENTRATION DETECTION POSITIVE DETECTION IMM 4000 3 / 3 / 3 / 3 / 370 - 6750 I 2 / 2 / 2 / 2 / 34 - 42 3 / 4 / 2 / 3 / 3 / 3 / 3 / 3 / 3 / 3 / 3 / 3		REPRESENTATIVE	CDECONCILO			
UM COTTACTION POSITIVE DETECTION UM 4000 3 / 3 3700 - 6750 IC 2 / 2 3 / 4 - 42 IM 6082 2 / 2 3 / 6 - 106 MA 1280 2 / 2 0.65 - 0.06 MA 1280 2 / 2 3 / 3 14 - 205 MA 117 3 / 3 14 - 205 14 - 205 MA 117 3 / 3 14 - 205 14 - 205 MA 117 3 / 3 14 - 205 14 - 205 MA 11200 3 / 3 14 - 205 15 - 200 MA 11200 3 / 3 14 - 205 15 - 200 MA 1320 2 / 2 185 - 346 15 - 200 AM 1320 2 / 2 37 - 300 1700 AM 1320 2 / 2 30 - 30 10 - 10.6 AM 1320 2 / 2 30 - 30 10 - 10.6 AM 136 2 / 2 30 - 30 10 - 10.6 AM<	SUBSTANCE	TOTAL STREET	The contract of	RANGE OF	STATISTICAL	REPRESENTATIVE
CC 2 0 3 / 3 3700 - 8750 CC 2 0 2 / 2 34 · 42 A 408 2 / 3 408 - 748 Auth 0.62 2 / 2 34 · 42 Auth 1 / 1 0.66 - 0.95 Auth 1 / 1 0.66 - 0.95 Auth 1 / 1 0.66 - 0.95 Auth 1 / 1 3 / 3 14 - 20.5 Auth 1 / 2 3 / 3 14 - 20.5 Auth 1 / 2 3 / 3 14 - 20.5 Auth 1 / 2 3 / 3 14 - 20.5 Auth 3 / 3 3 / 3 14 - 20.5 Auth 1 / 2 3 / 3 14 - 20.5 Auth 1 / 2 3 / 3 14 - 20.5 Auth 1 / 2 3 / 3 14 - 20.5 Auth 1 / 2 3 / 3 14 - 20.5 Auth 1 / 2 2 / 2 2 / 3 Auth 1 / 2 2 / 2 2 / 3 Auth 4 / 2 2 / 2		CONTRACTOR SECURITION	DETECTION	POSITIVE DETECTION**	DISTREBUTION	COMCENTERATION
C 20 21 2 34 - 42 I 400 21 3 404 - 74 MA 1280 21 2 0.65 - 0.65 MA 1280 21 2 0.65 - 0.65 MA 1280 21 2 0.43 - 2000 MA 117 31 3 14 - 26.5 MA 117 31 3 14 - 26.5 MA 1120 21 2 0.40 - 20.0 SIAM 1320 31 3 1820 - 1270 MA 1320 21 2 204 - 36.5 MA 1320 21 2 204 - 36.5 MA 1320 31 3 307 - 640 MA 421 27 2 824 - 36.2 MA 536 17 1 732 MA 536 17 1 732 MA 536 37 3 56 - 76 5		4000	3/3	1300 - 636		WINCEN IN THE INTERIOR
MA 27 3 408 748 AUM 0.02 27 2 0.05 - 0.95 MA 1280 27 2 0.05 - 0.95 MA 1280 27 2 3430 - 2030 UAM 117 37 3 14 - 20.5 T 4.4 37 3 14 - 20.5 T 7.5 27 2 34.0 1.05.0 SUAM 1320 27 2 185 - 34.6 1.00 CESE 220 37 3 1850 - 1200 2.04 - 30.5 MA 1320 27 2 300 - 1200 AM 136 27 2 300 - 10.6 AM 136 37 3 16 - 34.2 AM 136 37 3 16 - 34.2 AM 136 37 3 16 - 34.2 AM 136 37 3 36.7 36.7	ARSENEC	2.0	21.2	ocia - mic	HONPARAMETRIC DIST	6750
MA 27 3 468 - 748 MA 1280 27 2 0.65 - 0.65 MA 1280 27 2 3430 - 20300 MA 117 37 3 34 - 26.5 MA 117 37 3 14 - 26.5 T 4.4 37 3 14 - 26.5 T 2.1 2.1 14 - 26.5 T 2.1 2.1 14 - 26.5 SUM 11200 37 3 14500 - 25400 SUM 1320 2.7 204 - 36.5 SUM 1320 2.7 204 - 36.5 MA 1320 2.7 200 - 10.6 AM 136 2.7 200 - 10.6 AM 136 3.7 3.7 3.2 AM 136 3.7 3.0 3.6 AM 136 3.7 3.0 3.6 AM 136 3.7 3.0 3.6 AM 136 3.7 3.0 3.6 <t< th=""><th>BASHURA</th><td></td><td>7 / 7</td><td>34 - 42</td><td>MONPARAMETRIC DIST</td><td>4.20</td></t<>	BASHURA		7 / 7	34 - 42	MONPARAMETRIC DIST	4.20
Ma 1280 2 / 2 065 - 085 Ma 1280 2 / 2 3430 - 2000 UMA 117 3 / 3 4 3 14 - 205 T 75 2 / 2 185 - 348 T 75 2 / 2 185 - 348 T 1200 3 / 3 1 3 185 - 348 WA 1320 2 / 2 360 - 1200 WESE 220 3 / 3 307 - 848 MA 421 2 / 2 824 - 362 MA 138 3 / 3 3 18 - 342 MA 138 3 / 3 3 18 - 342	MERVILLE BA		2/3	40.8 - 74.6	MONPARAMETRIC DIST	744
MA 1280 2 / 2 3430 - 2030 MA 11.7 3 / 3 14 - 20.5 CAM 11.7 3 / 3 14 - 20.5 R 44 3 / 3 14 - 20.5 R 7.5 2 / 2 185 - 34.6 SUAI 11200 3 / 3 14200 - 25400 CESE 24.6 3 / 3 204 - 30.5 CESE 220 3 / 3 307 - 640 ALMI 421 2 / 2 300 - 12700 AM 136 3 / 3 16 - 34.2 AM 136 3 / 3 16 - 34.2 AM 136 3 / 3 36 - 76.5		0.62	212	0.95 - 0.95	NOWPARAMETER DIST	
MA 1280 2 / 2 3430 - 2030 LAM 11 7 3 / 3 14 - 20.5 R 4.4 3 / 3 14 - 20.5 R 7.5 2 / 2 185 - 34.6 SUAL 11200 3 / 3 185 - 34.6 SUAL 1320 2 / 2 304 - 36.5 KESE 220 3 / 3 307 - 640 CSE 220 3 / 3 307 - 640 AM 421 2 / 2 10 - 10.6 AM 13.6 1 / 1 732 AM 13.6 3 / 3 16 - 34.2 AM 13.6 3 / 3 16 - 34.2		•	1 / 1	0.2		Q o
HAM 117 37 34 34 205 2 75 27 2 195 34 6 10 3 1 3 1 3 2 2 3 4 6 10 3 3 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	CALCIUM	1280	21.2	27.20	MONEY AND MAKE THEIC DIST	0.2
4 3 / 3 14 - 205 2 2 / 2 18 - 205 1200 3 / 3 185 - 346 SUM 1320 2 / 3 1820 - 25400 SE 204 - 365 3 / 3 204 - 365 AUM 421 2 / 2 307 - 646 AUM 421 2 / 2 10 - 10.6 AUM 136 3 / 3 16 - 342 AUM 136 3 / 3 16 - 342 AUM 136 3 / 3 16 - 342	CHROMMUM	117		DECENT - DOWN	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	20300
To To To To To To To To	COBAI T		37.3	14 - 20.5	MONPARAMETRIC DIST	20.5
155 212 195 - 346 195		4.4	3/ B	6 · 63	MONPARAMETERC DIST	
MESE 37 3 MAZOD - 25400 MESE 27 2 3760 - 13700 MESE 27 2 3760 - 13700 MA 421 27 2 10 - 104 AM 136 37 3 56 - 765	COPPER	7.5	212	195 - 346		6.3
SAME 37 3 MACK - 2500 WESE 27 2 3560 - 12700 MESE 27 2 360 - 12700 AUR 421 27 2 10 - 10.6 AUR 421 27 2 824 - 962 AUR 13 6 17 1 732 AUR 13 6 37 3 16 - 34 2 AUR 57 2 31 3 16 - 34 2	ROW	11200	37.3	207.20 00000	NOW AND THE DIST	34.6
HESE 220 2 / 2 385 17700 2 / 2 1 2 320 117700 2 / 2 2 320 117700 2 / 2 2 320 117700 2 / 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	LEAD	24.6		MACS - CANANA	MORBIAN OVER LOGNORIAN	25400
#ESE 220 2/2 3360 - 12700 #UN 2/2 360 - 12700 #UN 2/2 360 - 12700 #UN 2/2 3/3 307 - 848 #UN 2/2 3/2 106 - 106 #UN 136 3/3 16 - 342 #UN 136 3/3 56 - 785	MACRESUM			20.4 - 38.5	HOMPARAMETRIC DIST	38.5
MA 136 31 3 307 - 848 2 2 2 2 10 10.6 421 2 12 824 - 862 340 17 1 732 M 136 37 3 16 - 342 57.2 82.7 82	MANCANGEE	noc i	212	3280 - 12700	MONPARAMETRIC DIST	12700
MA 421 2 1 2 824 - 862 340 1 1 1 732 M 136 3 1 3 16 - 342 57.2 824 - 862 1 1 1 732 3 1 3 56 - 765		977		307 - 646	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	7
MA 421 27.2 824 - 962 340 17.1 732 M 136 37.3 16 - 34.2 57.2 37.3 50 - 76.5		•	2/2	10 - 10.6	MONDABALE TON OVET	
MA 136 17.1 732 MA 136 37.3 16 - 34.2 57.2 37.3 50 - 76.5	POTASSRIM	421	212	C90 - 803	TOWN COLUMN TO SECURITION OF THE PERSON OF T	10.0
DUM 136 37.3 16.342 572 37.3 50.765	SODRURA	960			MARK ANAMEST INDICATES	286
57.2 37.3 50 . 70.5	VANADIUM	13.6		7	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	252
3/ 3 50 - 765	JANC .		2 72	16 - 34 2	MONIPARAMETRIC DIST	34.2
		2.16	37.3	50 - 765	NOMPARAMETRIC DIST	78.5

^{**} REPRESENTATIVE CONCENTRATION FOR BACKGROUND IS PRESENTED IN TABLE 2-5
** • CHALFIERS FOR DATA ARE PRESENTED IN DATA PRESENTATION TABLES

OCCUMMENCE AND DISTINBUTION OF ORGANICS IN SEDIMENT AT SITE & WARRINGTER, PENNSYLVANIA TABLE 4

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	BACKGROUND				
	SECUTATION OF		WIE-RELATED	ATED	
SUBSTANCE	CONCENTRATION	PRECEDENCY OF	PLANCE OF	STATISTICAL	MEPRESENTATIVE
MCEMPHTHEME		Maria San	PUBLING DETECTION	DISTRIBUTION	CONCENTRATION
ACEMACKITION CO.		1/2	120	MOMPARAMETRIC DIST	
		1/2	2	NONDARAMETER DET	3
MINEACENE	4.7	2/2	77 - 280	The state of the s	8
BENZ(A)ANTHRACENE	OBZ	2/2		MONEYARCHER (FOIC DIST	290
BENZOLAPYREME	ă		077 - 082	MONPARAMETRIC DIST	720
BENZOTEN HOBANTHEME	The state of	2 / 2	270 - 650	MONPARAMETRIC DIST	98
Section of the sectio	8	212	829 - 952	MOMPARAMETRIC DIST	824
STATE OF THE STATE	35	1/2	320	MONDARAMETER DET	200
DENZORUFLUORANTHENE	300	212	ACT . 136	The state of the s	350
DESCRETHMENENT PHITHMENT	200	* / *		MANATON DEST	370
CAPBAZOLE			3	NOMPARAMETRIC DIST	8
SHOVEELE		7 / 7	480 - 1100	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	1100
		2/2	340 - 740	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	740
		1/2	2	MONPARAMETRIC DIST	3
MENCALIDANIHENCENE	3	1/2	140	MONPARAMETRAC DET	
DIBERZOFURAN	•	1/2	77		741
FLUORANTHENE	099	2/2	A718 . 120M	Mary Annual INC. U.S.I.	72
FLUORENE		1/ 2	4	MCAN-ANAMAN HOC LIST	1200
PYREME	Ann			PLANTANAME I HISCORY	140
		212	540 - 1400	MOMPARAMETRIC DIST	1400

* • REPRESENTATIVE CONCENTRATION FOR BACKGROUND IS PRESENTED IN TABLE 24 ** • QUALIFIERS FOR DATA ARE PRESENTED IN DATA PRESENTATION TABLES

TABLE 6
OCCURRENCE AND DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL MONGANICS IN SURFACE WATER AT SITE 6
WARRINGTER, PENKRYLVANIA

3

	BACKGROUND		SITE-RELATED	LTES	
	REPRESENTATIVE	FREQUENCY OF	SA SOLICE	1	
SUBSTANCE	CONCENTRATION	DETECTION	POSITIVE DETECTION**	DETRICAL	REPRESENTATIVE
BAPAUM	8			NO LOS CONTROLLES	CONCENTRATION
74.04.0			8	NOMPARAMETRIC DIST	2
CALCACA	18300	- 1	42800	MONTH PARAMETERS DIST	S. Carrier
MON	900	1/1	44.		07874
MAGNESKIM	3340			NOW ACAME HOLDIST	98:
MANGENESS		-	13700	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	13700
***************************************	2	1 / 1	150	MONPARAMETRIC DIST	150
CONTRACTOR	82		2150	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	2150
		1/1	42900	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	42800

** REPRESENTATIVE CONCENTRATION FOR BACKGROUND IS PRESENTED IN TABLE 2:3 ** QUALIFIERS FOR DATA ARE PRESENTED IN DATA PRESENTATION TABLES

TABLE 6
OCCURRENCE AND DISTRIBUTION OF INDRIGANGS IN SEDIMENT IN BACKGROUND - SITE 6
WATMINISTER, PERMISYLVAINA
(IMPRIG)

			ACKGROUND		
		STATISTICAL	FREQUENCY OF	RANGE OF	REPRESENTATIVE
AUDO I AIRUE	W.C.A.N	DISTRIBUTION	DETECTION	POSITIVE DETECTION	CONCENTION
ALCHARCINE ALCHARCINE	3360	NOMPARAMETRIC DIST	2/3		AND THE REAL PROPERTY.
ARSENC.	2.56	NOMPARAMETIME DIST		OND - NET	989
MARION	RZ.	MANDADAMETER DOCT	, ,	23 - 28	2.8
SERVIT KIM	965		27.3	31.4 - 40.6	***
41 00 00	W.97	MCMP/APCAMETFOC DIST	212	652 - 0.62	290
ACCAUM!	1175	MOMPARAMETRIC DIST	212	1080 - 1280	82
AROMON.	8.6	MONPARAMETRIC DIST	8 / 6	77.117	7.11
XOBALT	7	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	1/1	11.11	
COPPER	4.45	NOMPARAMETRIC DIST	212	54 . 76	
NO.	6C#6	MONPARAMETRIC DIST	3/ 3	5400 - 11200	
EAD	11.6	NOMPAGAMETRIC DIST	213	410 40	11/00
MONESTUN	1100	NOMPARAMETRIC DIST	6 7 6	200	24.80
MIGMESE	143	MOMPAGAMETER: DAST		13.00 m	1320
HCHEL.	5.2	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	213	144 - 250	230
OTASSIUM	364.5	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	21.3	200	
MUNICOS	1625	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	1/2	A5. 345	174
VANACHURA	12.0	NOMPARAMETRIC DIST	3/3	118 138	₹ 3
INC.	487	NOMPARAMETRIC DIST	3/3	328 - 57.2	2 2
					3

** QUALFIERS FOR DATA ARE PRESENTED IN DATA PRESENTATION TABLES

TABLE 7

DOCURRENCE AND DISTRIBUTION OF ORGANICS IN SEDMENT IN BACKGROUND - SITE 8

WARMINITER, PENNSYLVANIA

FORMUS TERY, PEMMSYLV (Ingifica)

			BACKGROUND		
		STATISTICAL	FREQUENCY OF	PANCE OF	REPRESENTATIVE
SUBSTANCE	MEAN	DISTRIBUTION	DETECTION	POSITIVE DETECTION	CONCENTRATION
MIHRACENE	1299	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	1/2	26	10
BENZJAJANTHRACENE	245.00	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	212	210 - 280	982
BENZOVÝDAVBNE	1380	MONPARAMETRIC DIST	11.2	240	2
BENZO(B)FLUORANTHENE	1410.00	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	11.2	825	875
BENZO(G,H,J)PERYLENE	1325	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	11.2	051	35
BENZOKOFLUORANTHENE	1350	NOMPARAMETRIC DIST	11.2	83	902
CANGAZOLE	288	MONPARAMETRIC DIST	1/1	207.5	382
CHRYSEME	2005	NONPARAMETRIC DIST	212	190 - 340	£
DIBENZĮA, HJANTHRIACENE	(377	NOMPARAMETRIC DIST	7 / 1	8	æ
FLUORANTHENE	465	HONPARAMETRIC DIST	212	990 · 900	955
NOENO(1,2,3-CD)PYRENE	1345.00	NOMPARAMETRIC DIST	11.2	961	140
PYRENE	740	HONPARAMETRIC DIST	212	330 · 580	590

** QUALFERS FOR DATA ARE PRESENTED IN DATA PRESENTATION TABLES

OCCURRENCE AND DISTRIBUTION OF TOTAL INONGANICS IN SUMFACE WATER IN BACKGROUND - SITE 8
WASHINSTER, PENNSYLVAMA TABLES

Ī

			PACHORAGIA		
		£TA TRETACA:	- Charles Control		
SUBSTANCE	MEAN	DISTRIBUTION	FINCOLENCY OF	PANGE OF	REPRESENTATIVE
SAPECIAL SAPECIAL	15,6		DETECTION	POSITIVE DETECTION	CONCENTRATION
	200	MUNICIPAL MIC DIST	11.2	99	
200	176	NORMAL OVER LOCKNOWAY		8	8
ROK	4.4		2 / 2	15000 - 16300	48700
		NOMPARAMETRIC DIST	+ / +		and it
MONESKA	21-00	MONTH OF THE PARTY		620	009
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A		MANAGEMENT DIST	2/2	6500 - 7240	41.00
TO THE SEC	4	NOMPARAMETRIC DIST			0477
POTASSRAM	1416		2 / 1	2	2
		POTER APPARE LINE DIST	2/2	1130 1700	
SCHOOL	23	MONPARALETEN OVET			1730
		TOWN THE PARTY CASE	2 / 2	0966 · 0969	200
" CENTERNS FOR DATA	DATA ARE PRESENTED #	ARE PRESENTED BY DATA PRESENTATION TANKS			
		DOMEST AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY AND ADDRESS OF			

SUMMARY OF HONCARCINGGENIC AND CARCINGGENIC TISKS, SITE 8 (POST-REMOVAL) - ALL EXPOSURE PATHMAYS REASONABLE MAXIMUM EXPOSURE HAWG WARRINGSER, PERMSYLYAMA

Scenario									
Receptor	7	200	Pre-Adel/Mdel	Count Deer	Casual Disc	Kenderska	Kandemada	Resident	Necresions
		7617	App 7:16				[- Marine	Pro-Adel
RAZZORO TOPO									21.12
Surface See .									
Production inchesion	7.65.5.07	40.00							
Darmal Contect	7.445.62	27.7	27.07.	Q 200 /	₹	3486-01	205-02		
Fupitive Duel Inheletion	100.00		35.00	3.00E-03	₹	2265.01	5.205.00	173	٤:
Subtetal of Surface Sol		3	80.00	3 GBE-06	¥	1025.00	177.6		ž
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APPENDIX B.

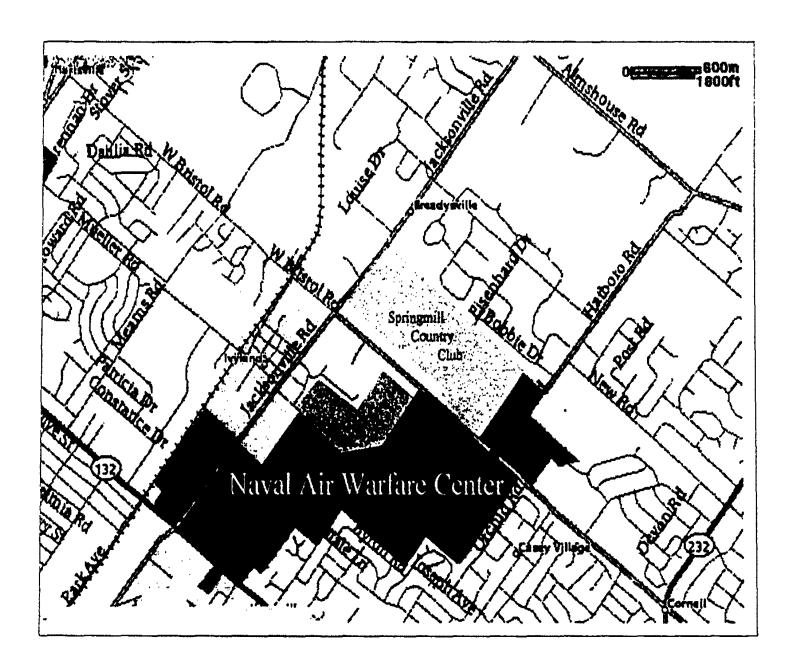


Figure 1. The Former NAWC, Warminster, PA

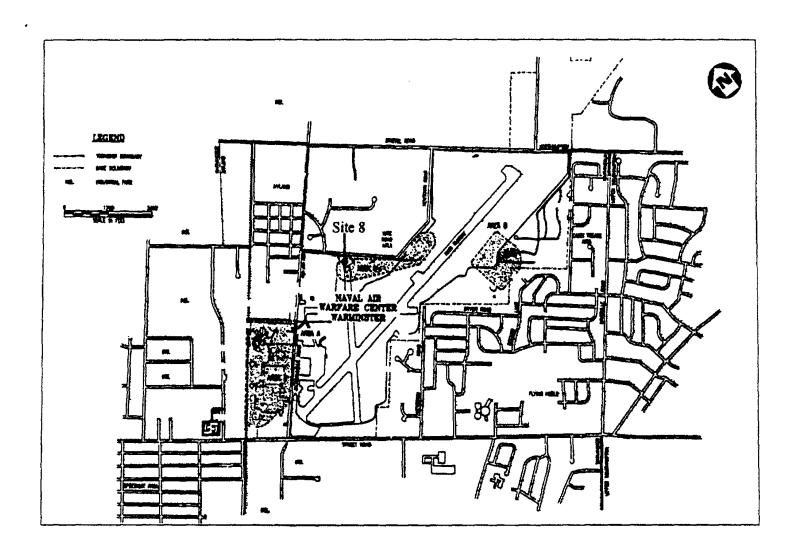


Figure 2. Site 8 Locatin Map

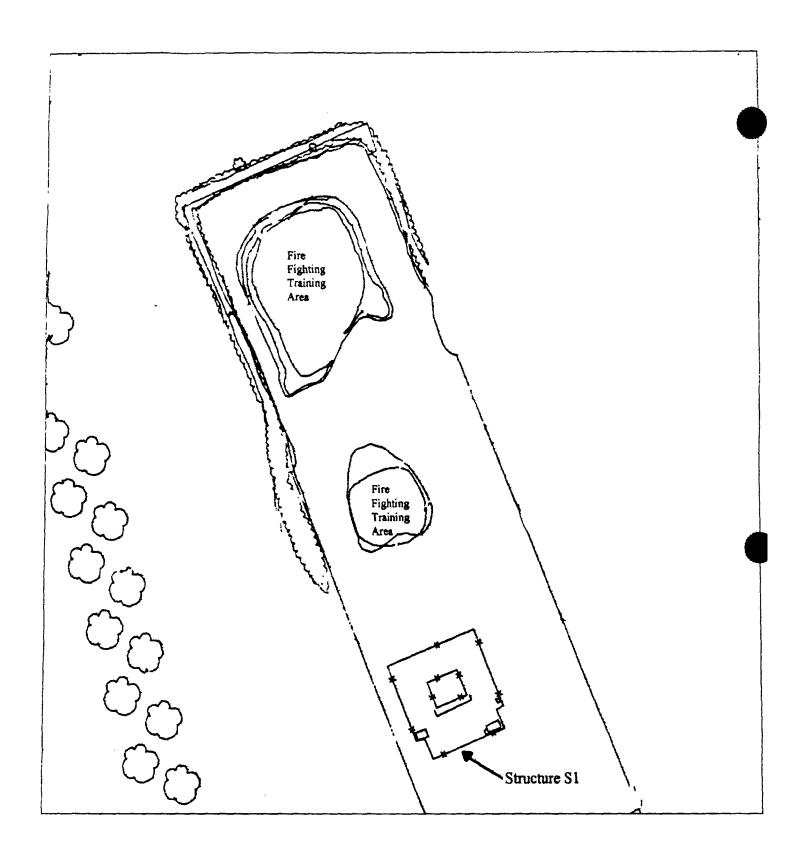


Figure 3. Site 8

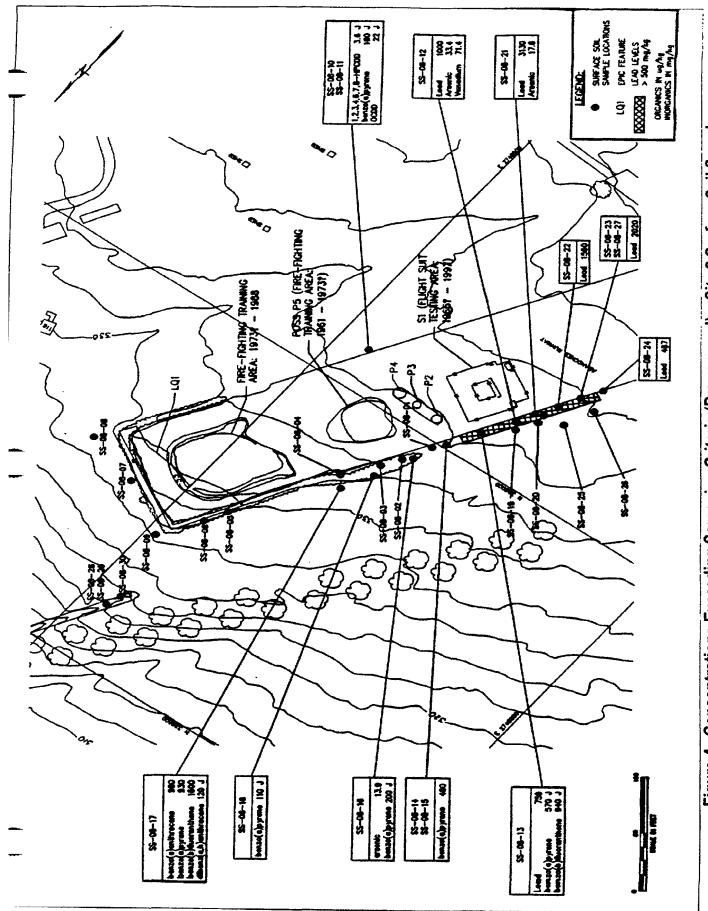


Figure 4. Concentrations Exceeding Screening Criteria (Pre-removal) - Site 8 Surface Soil Samples

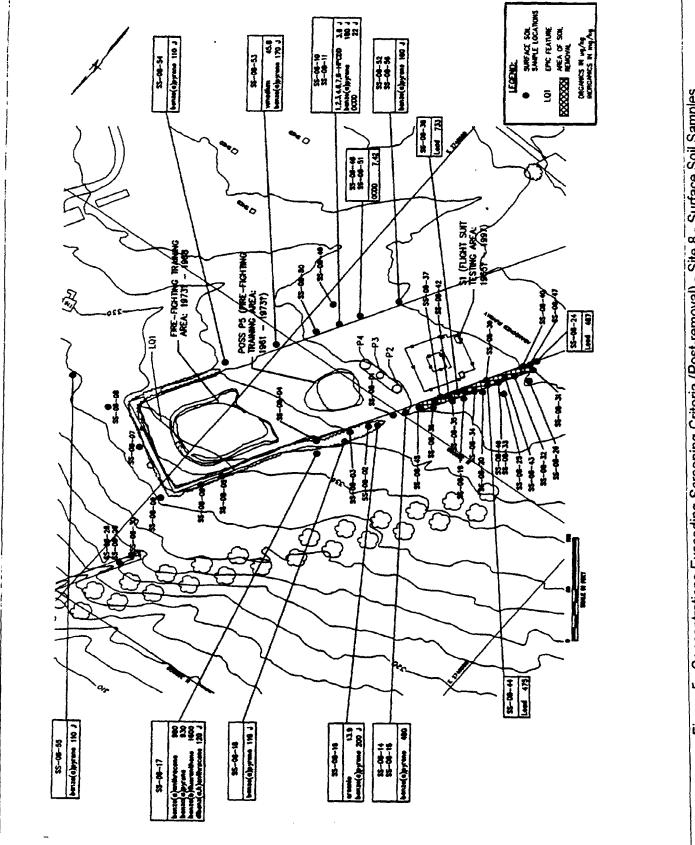


Figure 5. Concentrations Exceeding Screening Criteria (Post-removal) - Site 8 - Surface Soil Samples

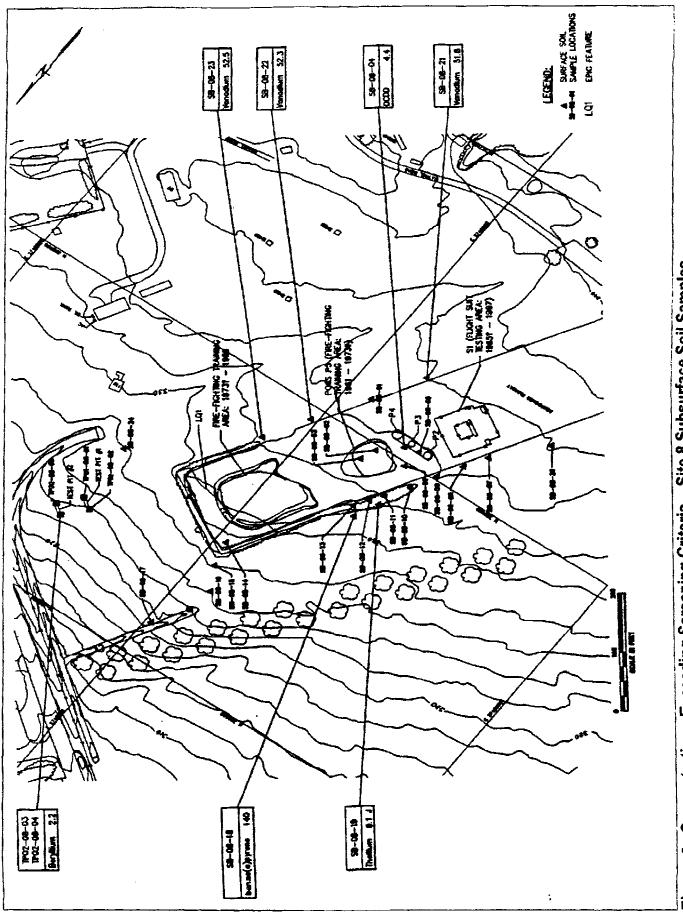


Figure 6. Concentrations Exceeding Screening Criteria - Site 8 Subsurface Soil Samples